9 o'clock large delegations headed by bands of music began to pour into the little village. Large wagons drawn by traction engines were numerous. Colonel Wilcox. of lows, formerly a Greenbacker, and Hon. R. S. Gregory, of this city, addressed the crowd in excellent and telling speeches. Hon. Theo. Shockney, of Union City, also made a speech, which was received with rounds of applause. This was the largest rally ever held in Washing-

Calkins and Swift at Evansville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

EVANSVILLE, Oct. 30 .- The Republicans had s big demonstration here to-night, and such enthusiasm has not been seen here this campaign. After a monstrous torch-light procession three thousand people assembled in Evan's Hall to listen to addresses by Mayor W. H. Calkins and Lucius B. Swift. The former spoke for more than an hour and a half, devoting most of his time to the tariff, and illustrating why it is a benefit to the manufacturers and wageworkers of this country. Mr. Swift, a talented and fluent talker, was a Cleveland supporter in 1884, but he said the present administration has broken all of its pledges to the people, and he is now not only going to vote for General Harrison but is doing all he can to help elect him. He pictured the cruelty of the Democratic management of the State public institutions an well as the unjustness of the management of the Indianapolis postoffice since Cleveland's administration began. It was a revelation to many in the audience, and at the conclusion of the meeting two Democrats were heard to say they would not now vote for either Cleveland or Matson. It was one of the best political meetings ever held here, and was very opportune.

"Offensive Partisanship" at Je ffersonville. Special to the Indianapolis Journa:

JEFFERSONVILLE, Oct. 30 .- Mr. Daniel Smith, for the past four years a marker at the government depot in this city, was to-day relieved from further duty, for reasons best known to the Democrats. Two weeks ago Peter Decker, a one-legged soldier, was absent from his bome, and before he returned several Democrats, among them Peter Martin and James Dellinger, raised a pole in his yard and placed a rooster on the top. Mr. Smith came along and was asked by Decker to help remove the pole and rooster. which he did. Directly the cry of "offensive partisanship"was raised, and Mr. Smith was removed, but nothing was said in regard to the men who raised the pole. Mr. Smith says there is much rottenness going on at the depot, and threatens to make some startling disclosures sbout the affairs at the institution. He is a soldier, and his discharge will not make any votes in this city for the Democratic party.

Taylor's Meeting at Paoli.

Special to the Indianapolis Journa. PAOLI. Oct. 30 .- An immense throng of enthusiastic Republicans, twenty-four gles clubs, numerous drum corps and brase bands, a large parade sad one of the most eloquent speeches ever delivered in southern Indians, made the Taylor meeting at this place to day the grandest political demonstration ever held in the county. Of the many speeches made here this year, that of Hon. Alf A. Taylor, of Tennessee, was the best. It was full from beginning to end of pith and point, eloquence, poetry and protection. With his repartee and ready wit, sledge-hammer drives and cutting sarcasm, he kept the vast throngs of people in a constant uproar of ap plause. It was a great speech and a great day for Republicans. The Grange Hall and Pickens glee clubs, which sang at the meeting, have clambered out of the quagmires of Democracy and planted their feet and their faith squarely on the solid rock of Republicanism.

Cheadle and the Veterans. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Oct. 30 .-- The veterans of Lafayette gave private J. B. Cheadle, candidate for Congress, a magnificent reception to-night. Three hundred old soldiers were in line, and marched from the city to West Lafayette, where speaking took place. Not less than 2,500 people were present. Mr. Cheadle spoke an hour, eliciting great enthusiasm. He spoke upon pensions, the financial management of Cleveland's administration, and tariff. It was the most successful meeting of the campaign. One motto in the procession read: "Tippecanoe pledges 1,000 majority for Harrison, Hovey. and Cheadle." This large turn out of old soldiers on such short notice sets at rest the question as to how the soldiers of this congressional district will vote. Almost to a man they are enthusiastic for Harrison, Cheadle, and the entire Republican ticket, and 1,000 will be the smallest figures stating the Tippecanoe ma-

The Coming Rally at Richmond. special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RICHMOND, Oct. 30. - The Republican wind-up, to occur here next Saturday, will be a rouser. It has been on the tapis ever since the Democrats had their big blow-out, and the Republicans of all the country roads are eager to participate in the great finale that is to eclipse the Democratic rally. The word from one point in the western part of the county is that the delegations to join there will make a procession of itself two miles long, and each town is vying with each other in all parts of the county to make the best representation. They say they do not have to get ready, that they are already loaded and all they want is the word. The speakers aunounced are: Hon. John J. J. Ingalls, Hon. William Windom, ex-Governor Noyes, Hon. Ben Butterworth, Hon. Will Cumback, Hon. Warren G. Sayre, and Hon. Thomas M. Browns.

Ira J. Chase in Dubois.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal JASPER, Oct. 30 .- The grandest political demonstration ever witnessed in Dubois county occurred last night at Huntingburg. A torch-light procession over one mile long, made up of Harrison and Morton clubs, glee clubs and bands, was the principal feature of the occasion. There were fully 3,000 people on the streets viewing the procession. Dubois county is the banner Democratic county of Indiana, and this was the first formidable demonstration ever made by the Republican party of the county. ira J. Chase, candidate for Lieutenant-governor, made the most effective speech of the campaign to an immease audience. A club of 100 railroad men, newcomers in the county, marched in the procession. The Democratic majority in Dubois county will be largely reduced next Tuesday.

The Soldiers Are for Hovey. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ARCADIA, Oct. 30 .- General Hovey's statement that the soldiers are with the Republican party this fall was shown most forcibly here, ast week, and in a way that couldn't be denied. On Wednesday, Oct. 24, the Democrats had a barbecue, which they advertised for a long time, using the names of their most prominent speakers as an inducement to draw a crowd, and especially soliciting the soldiers to come. When the parade came off there were nine soldiers, all told, in line. On Saturday, Oct. 27, the Repubheans held a rally at the same place, and 147 soldiers were in line. No special effort was

made to get them out, either. A Big Day at Rushville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal RUSHVILLE, Oct. 30. - Early in the morning the people from the country in private conveyances rapidly filled up the city with enthusiastic Republicana. At 12 o'clock two hundred old veterans marched to the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis railroad depot and escorted ex-Governor Noyes, of Ohio, and Gen. John L. Swift, of Boston, to the speaker's stand. Col. Swift, in a most eloquent and able manner, first addressed the crowd, after which ex-Governor Noves spoke at length. At night a jubilee meeting was held at Melodeon Hall, addressed by Hon, Levi Ritter, ex-Governor Noyes, Colonel Swift, Dr. Justice and Judge Cullen.

Democrate Hunting for Votes.

hadial to the Indianapolis Journay UNION CITY, Oct. 30.-The Democrats have their agents here endeavoring to capture the ix votes needed. They are becoming desperate, and are unscrupulous in offers of money and favors, which they know they cannot procure. The Prohibition annex to their party is now showing its animus. It is well known that they have diligently solicited Republicans who were formerly Democrats, to vote for Cleveland, but in no instance have they been success-In estimating the votes of this locality, Probibitionists are counted as Democrats, and on this basis the Republicans will make gains.

Finerty at Richmond. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

RICHMOND, Oct. 30 .- Another immense Republican meeting was held in this city to-night, the audience packing the Grand Opera-house, and including more Irish citizens than any that has preceded it during the campaign. The speaker was Hon. John F. Finerty, of Chicago, lican parties in the State

who traced the effects of protection and free trade in the histories of Fngland, Ireland and the United States, made a special plea to his fellow-Irishmen to vote the Republican ticket through gratitude to the United States as well as hatred for England, and closed with a enlogy of Harrison and a criticism of Cleveland.

Hon. R. B. F. Petrce at Perkinsville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Oct. 30.-Hon. R. B. F. Peirce, of Crawfordsville, addressed the citizens of Perkinsville, in this county, last evening, on political topics. The public ball was filled to its fullest capacity by an attentive audience of Republicans and Democrats, not one of whom left during the speaking, and much enthusiasm was manifested. Mr. Peirce discussed the records of the two parties from a business stand-point, and also showed the great benefits arising from a protective tariff. It was a good speech, and won votes, nothing being said to offend Democrats.

Trying to Frighten Colored Voters.

Special to the Indianapolis Journas. MUNCIE, Oct. 30. -Intimidating colored voters has begun in this city, but the men engaged in it are very sly. A colored man in the employ of the Kirby House was approached by a white citizen and told that he could not vote, and he would meet with a challenge should he attempt it. On being asked what the effect would be if he voted after being challenged he was told that he would be sent to the penitentiary. Unfortunately the colored voter did not secure the name of the bulldozer, and an affidavit could not be filed against him.

Corruption Fund at Knightstown. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

KNIGHTSTOWN, Oct. 30 .- A conservative Democrat told a Republican yesterday, who takes but little interest in politics and who he thought would be a safe man to talk to, that the Democrats here had got \$350 during the last week to be used on election day, and that they would get \$500 more before the election. The Democrats are already spending their corruption fund among the floaters. The Republicans have the matter well in hand, and the prospects are good that several Democrats here will go to join Sim Coy before long.

Boys Raise a Republican Pole. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SILVERWOOD, Oct. 30 .- Lodi, one mile south of this place, witnessed the novel and interesting sight of about twenty-five boys, ranging in age from eight to fifteen years, raising a liarrison and Morton pole seventy-five feet high, amid cheering and anvil-firing. No assistance was given by any person above fifteen years of age. The boys cut, bauled, spliced and raised the pole without accident, and were presented with a handsome flag made by the young ladies

Converts Doing Missionary Work. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CARTHAGE, Oct. 30 .- R. R. Spencer and J. W. Hanson, the one a farmer and the other a carpenter, both residents of this county and both converted Democrats, spoke to an audience of about one thousand people at the Republican tent here last night. Their words were mainly addressed to their former associates in error, and so neatly and cleverly did they make their points that many went away convinced.

Lozier and Van Vorhis at Zionsville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

ZIONSVILLE, Oct. 30.-Chaplain Lozier, of Iowa, addressed an enthusiastic audience of 000 here, this afternoon. In the procession were ten large decorated wagons and numerous bands. Hon. F. J. Van Vorhis, of Indianapolis, addressed a large crowd at the public hall to-night, and many turned away, not being able to gain admission. The citizens generally, decorated their houses.

Sweeney and Ferguson at Vincennes. excial to the Indianapolis Journal.

VINCENNES, Oct 30 .- W. Allison Sweeney spoke here on Monday night, in the opera-house, to an audience that filled every available space in the large building. Mr. Sweeney made a forcible and eloquent speech on the issues of the day. Many Democrats came out to hear him. He was followed in short addresses by Hon. C. M. Ferguson, of Texas. and Mr. Brewer, of this

Major Butterworth at Union City.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. UNION CITY, Oct. 30 .- Maj. Ben Butterworth spoke to a crowded house at the Opera Hall here, last evening. His speech was undoubtedly the best of the campaign at this point, and the manner in which he presented the Republican claims was attractive and impressive, even to his Democratic hearers, of whom he had sev eral. It made Republican votes.

Butler and Griffiche at Madison. Special to the Indianabolis Journal

Madison, Oct. 30.-The Republicans turned out to-night almost seven hundred uniformed torchmen, the largest political night parade o any party this campaign, in honor of John M Butler, John L. Griffiths, Bruce Carr, and others. The court-house was packed. Griffiths spoke grandly, mainly on State affairs.

Hoynes and Barry at Elkhart. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, Oct. 30.-Hon. William Hoynes, professor of law at Notre Dame University, and Republican candidate for Congress from this district, spoke to a large audience here this evening, confining himself to the tariff. He was followed by T. P. Barry, of Chicago, in an able ad-

Political Scraps.

The Republicans of Huntsville, Madison county, raised a Harrison and Morcon pole, 105 feet high, on Monday. There was much enthusiasm, and the prospects of an increased majority in the township are extremely bright.

The Democratic State central committee sent a copy of the Labor Signal and other railroadstrike documents to T. J. Burkett, of Akron. Fulton county, but that gentleman informs the Journal he has no use for them, and that he is going to vote the Republican ticket.

A local Democratic committeeman at Huntington was so indiscreet Sunday as to get into condition for being arrested for intoxication while carrying in his pocket a book of memoranda of various amounts paid to citizens who vote for what there is in it, and entries stating the amounts for which other votes are purchasable. Opposite one man's initials were the words, "Can be had for a quart of whisky election morning and a promise of \$5." The notebook became public property soon after its

owner's arrest.

Reducing Axworthy's Theft. CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 30 .- Sheriff Sawyer, who has been looking for ex-Treasurer Axworthy's property, had the door of the treasurer's private vault in the National Bank of Commerce forced open yesterday afternoon and found therein a lot of stocks, bonds and miscellaneous securities. The property found has been appraised at \$152,000. Experts say that if attended to these securieties are likely to realize about \$300,000. It was a startling find, and Axworthy's stanch friends insist that more property will be found, and that an accident or foul play has caused his absence. But as the investigation goes on it shows that Axworthy has been in financial straits ever since the Fidelity Bank failure. Since the winter of 1886 he has converted \$102,000 worth of real estate into cash. The real estate now in his name is valued at \$42,000, and is mortgaged for \$14,000. His shipping interests are not worth more than \$50,000, so that for a shortage of \$480,000 only about \$225,000 worth of property, including today's find, is left. A special session of the grand jury is to be called to indict Axworthy.

No Election After All. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 30.-The following circular is being distributed throughout Shelby county by the author, who is a hard-shell Baptist preacher and pastor of several churches:

Prepare, all of ye, for the end is at hand. I have read it in the stars, and angels have come to me in my dreams and told me the glad tidings. The world will come to an end on Monday, Nov. 5, in the year of our Lord, 1888. Prepare, all of ye, for that great day. God has hastened the day, because of the wicked generation of men, called politicians. They are all falsiiers and blasphemers, and shall be burned in lakes of liquid fire, because they fear not God and are given to works of iniquity. Rivers of boiling water will burn the Prohibitionists, and a sea of fire and brimstone will open and swallow ali Democrats and Republicans; Prepare, all of ye, and remember the day is at hand. OBEDITA BATES, the Lord's Prophet.

The relatives of Bates will have him confined in an asylum.

Union Labor Candidate Withdraws. Sr. Louis, Oct. 30 .- H. Blake, nomines of the Union Labor party for Governor of Missouri, has sent a letter to the executive committee of that party, declining to make the race. The committee is now in session considering what is best to do under the circumstances. It is freely claimed that Mr. Blake's withdrawal means coalition between the Union Labor and Repub-

TO PROTECT AMERICAN INTERESTS.

The United States War Ship Kearsarge Ordered to Proceed to Port-Au-Prince.

WASRINGTON, Oct. 30 .- The situation of affairs in Hayti, according to reports received at the Department of State, has assumed so serious a phase that it has been decided to send a naval vessel to that country for the protection of American interests. It was at first decided to send the United States steamer Boston, now cruising in the West Indies, to Port-Au-Prince, but this plan was abandoned, owing to the difficulty of communication with that vessel. It was finally decided to send the Kearsarge, now undergoing repairs at Norfolk, and Commodore Harmony to-day sent instructions to hasten the work on that vessel so that she can be put into commission in a few days. She will proceed direct to Port-Au-Prince.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .- The seizure of the American steamer Haytian Republic has become an international episode, as will be seen by the following letter from Secretary of State Bayard: WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 29.

Messrs. Lord & Austin, New York City: Gentlemen-I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th inst., in which you inform the department of the seizure of the American steamship Haytian Republic, at St. Marc, and request that in view of the serious state of affairs in Havti at the present time, and of the jeopardy in which the lives and property of Americans are now placed, a man-ofwar be sent thither immediately. The department has received information of similar purport from the United States minister at Port-Au-Prince, and a reply has instructed him to protest instantly against the action of the Haytian authorities, and has informed him that a man-of-war will be ordered to proceed to Haytian waters as soon as possible. I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

Three Hundred Buildings Burned and the Fire Still Spreading.

BERLIN, Oct. 30. - The great fire at Huenfeld, near Cassel, continues to spread. Three hundred houses, including public buildings, have been consumed. A force of military and thirty fire brigades from adjacent places are endeavoring to get control of the flames.

The Troubles in Samos.

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Oct. 30. - Advices from Samos say that Tamesese has retired innd, and that Matsafa, whom the Germans re fused to recognize, is master of the situation. The British admiral, Fairfax, has conferred with the foreign consuls and declared portions of the capital and outskirts neutral territory.

Another Complaint from the Pope. Rome, Oct. 30. - In receiving the Archbishop of San Francisco, yesterday, the Pope complained bitterly of his position and of the action of the Italian government. He exhorted the Archbishop to stimulate American Catholics to a peaceful agitation for the restoration of his temporal power.

Queen Natalie's Protest.

LONDON, Oct. 30 .- Queen Natalie has sent a formal protest against the divorce granted to King Milan by the Metropolitan of Belgrado to the Greek orthodox synods of Bucharest and Athens, to the Holy Synod of St. Petersburg, and to the Ecumenical Patriarch of Constanti-

Foreign Notes.

King Leopold has no news of Stanley. He places no reliance in the reports of his death. The French government has ordered a whole sale seizure of the prevailing political cartoons of General Boulanger, the Comte de Paris and Prince Victor Napoleon.

It is reported that the accident to the Czar's train, Monday, resulted in the killing of twenty-one persons. The Minister of War and the commander of the body guard were in-

The Nobel brothers, the Baku petroleum refiners, spent \$25,000 in entertaining the Czar. They presented the Czarins a diamond bonquet holder valued at \$10,000. Another petroleum firm at Baku spent \$20,000 in honor of the Czar.

Steamship News. London, Oct. 30. - Arrived: Minnesota, from

Baltimore; off Browhead: Brooklyn City, from New York for Bristol. NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .- Arrived: Llandaff City, from Bristol; Wisconsin, from Liverpool. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.-Arrived: Switzerland, Munster, from Autwerp. HAMBURG, Oct. 30. - Arrived: Bohemia, from

New York.

Obituary. GREENCASTLE, Ind., Oct. 30.-Judge Delana R. Eckels died in this city yesterday, after a lingering illness, in the eighty-third year of his age. He was one of the leading Democrats of Indiana in his day, and held several positions of trust and honor, among them that of Chiefjustice of Utah, to which he was appointed by President Buchanan. He was a captain in the Mexican war, and the first Mayor of this city. His wife preceded him to the tomb a year or two having met with her death by her clothing taking fire from a stove.

Business Embarrassments. NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .- Samuel Lowenstein. manufacturer of gentlemen's neckwear and merchandise, at No. 555 Broadway, made an assignment to-day to Joseph Bierhoff, no preference being stated.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 30.-Moore, Harkness & Co., stove founders and dealers, assigned this afternoon to Edgar Stark. The liabilities are estimated at \$40,000; assets estimated at \$10,000. No preferences were filed.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Petroleum has been discovered in an artesian well being sunk at Hauck's tannery, at Harrisonburg, Ky., at a depth of 600 feet. Mrs. George Byrnes, of Mexico, Mo., was fatally burned at that place, Monday evening, her clothing taking fire from a burning brush-heap.

The New York Star was sold at sheriff's sale yesterday to E. E. Downs for \$400, with assumption of indebtedness, the amount of which Henry F. Albers, of Buffalo, N. Y., a coal and lumber dealer, has gone to Canada, after forging the name of Jacob Scheu, a brewer, to notes

amounting to \$20,000. The case of Gen. Adam Badeau against the widow of Gen. U. S. Grant, for \$10,000 for alleged services on Grant's Memoirs, has been discontinued on consent of both parties.

In the Criminal court room at Kansas City. yesterday, John Fleming, a deputy marshal, drew a revolver and blew his brains out while court was in session. No cause assigned.

By the falling of an elevator in the J. M. Ward Furniture Company's store at St. Louis, yesterday, Charles Lichter was fatally, and Major William O'Keefe and Richard Home seriously injured.

A dispatch from Lima, O., says an explosion of natural gas in Schultheis's tannery yesterday. killed John Schultheis, Peter Klein and James Cline. Schultheis was burned to death, and the others crushed by falling walls.

At Louisville, Ky., yesterday, Harry Smart was found guilty of the murder of Meisner Green and Belle Ward, who were found floating in the river with their throats cut, four months ago. His sentence was fixed at imprisonment

At Ardmore, I. T., Monday night, U. L. Wood, a professsonal gambler, got drunk and terrorized the town with his revolver. Yesterday morning he was found on the Santa Fe railroad track, fatally mangled. He had evidently fallen there in a drunken stupor. At an Indian darke at Adonah, Wis., Satur-

day, two young squaws overhearing some remarks made by a married woman, Mrs. White Bird, turned upon her and gave her a terrible beating. The woman, who was enceinte, died of her injuries. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy. Detectives are searching the country about

Springfield, Mo., for H. C. Hoover, a wellknown and wealthy trader, who is supposed to have been murdered. He left Springfield several days ago for Lebanon, Mo., and on his arrival there made a trade of stock and property which netted him a large sum of money. He left Lebanon on Sunday night. He was with a young man who bears an unsavory reputation, and who has since disappeared.

On Monday night, at St. Louis, Henry Lange, a river contractor, quarreled with his sister-inlaw, a Mrs. Sudbeck, and slapped her in the face. Patrick McDermott, head sawyer in thought to be not dangerous, but McDermott died in the City Hospital yesterday and Lange is in jail. The victim came from Muscatine, Ia., where he has a wife and several children.

Absurd Story About Levi P. Morton. NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .- Hon. Levi P. Morton. when interrogated to-day as to the allegation that he was engaged during the war in shipping with fit goods to the Bahamas, whence they were ship-

ped to confederate forts by blockade-runpors, said: "The statement is absolutely false and without the slightest foundation. The statement that there are records in existence, proving the allegation, is also false."

NOTES AND NEWS.

A HITHERTO unpublished poem by Sir Walter Raleigh has been discovered, and will be published in London by A. H. Bullen in his authology of love sougs, "Speculum Amantia."

MR. Spungeon is again reported very ill: "the usual result," says a Baptist, "of undertaking extra services at this time of year. His enemy is gout in the feet and hands. It is feared that he can preach no more this year. He will go south when able to travel.

COOKING delicacies for the sick with a dainty perfection that cannot be attained by large caterers or ordinary cooks is a comparatively new but very popular industry added to the list of peculiar employments by which women arejenabled to earn their living in New York.

THE silver-wedding present to the Prince and Princess of Wales from the people of South Wales is a large silver shield, beautifully sculptured with emblems and illustrations of Welch history. The formal presentation will take place at Marlborough House early in November. A NEW use has been found for photography. A day or so since a row occurred in which one

of the combatants was badly bruised. He had

his wounds photographed before they should have time to heal, and when the case came up he was on hand to show the extent of his injuries at the time they were actually received. MRS. MARIA LOUISE GENET VAN RENSSELAER. widow of Cornelius Van Rensselaer, who died at Greenbush, N. Y., last week, at the age of eighty six, was the daughter of Edmond Charles Genet, known in history as "Citizen Genet," embaseador to this country from the first French Republic in 1793. Her mother was Cor-

nelia Clinton, daughter of George Clinton, the

atatesman. Her husband was the son of Col.

Nicholas Van Rensselaer, who fought at Quebec and Saratogo, and who brought the news of the latter battle to Albany. PRINCE BISMARCK'S residence at Friederichsrube is to appearance common and insignificant. A red brick wall separates it on three sides from the road, and on the fourth it is bounded by a dirty little river. The principal entry is a wooden door, which might fitly belong to a stable or coach-house. A thick mass of foliage rising above the wall prevents even a glimpse of the house beyond it. This house, which is as ugly as the wall inclosing it, was originally built by a Hanburg hotel-keeper for a country

retreat. MR. GLADSTONE recently wrote to a correspondent who had asked him his opinion of the power of the press for good and evil: "I rate the value of the free press very high, but the sentiment you inclose could not have been mine. I am wholly unable to make the comparison. If asked by a foreign visitor, I should tell him that, in my opinion, the balance of good done by the press in home affairs is enormous (and especially that to public men its criticisms are invaluable); but that I have not so favorable an opinion of its average action in foreign af-

THE Splendid Rothschild mansion in the Rue Lafitte, Paris, glowingly described by Disraeli in "Coningsby," has been transformed into a museum as a memorial of Baron James Rothschild, who died in 1868, It was built inthe time of Louis XV, and was for some time the residence of Queen Hortense, mother of the Emperor Louis Napoleon. The Rothschilds bought it in 1822. Since the Baroness James died, in 1866, it has stood untenanted. Baron Adolph, the head of the French branch of the tamily, lives in Prince Taileyrand's old mansion in the Rue St. Florentin.

ANNA DICKINSON has been so long before the public that a general impression seems to have got abroad that she is an old woman. She is not. She was born in Philadelphia just fortysix years ago this month, and before she was fifteen years of age was teaching school on the outskirts of that town. She went into politics before she was eighteen, and she has been there ever since. Her interest in public affairs began when she was given a place in the mint at Philadelphia, and her first public political speech was made in a debating club on Chestnut street. She has never stopped speech-making since.

THERE was a lively scene in the streets of Philadelphia the other day, when one man, Mr. William H. Kirkpatrick, undertook to get even with the traction company and won. The conductor of a car in which Mr. Kirkpatrick was a passenger collected his fare, knowing a culvert across the street to be open, and that there was a long car blockade. Mr. Kirkpatrick dido't mind the five cents, but he did resent the deception, and passed the next hour and a balf very pleasantly in notifying people about to board starting cars that the line was broken, and that they would have to pass a long time in the cars. In this way he turned back about five hundred people. When the break was closed he felt that he had obtained about \$25 worth of atisfaction from the traction company.

A REMARKABLE HISTORY.

An Old Couple Who Bought Themselves Out of Slavery Twice Over. Hawkinsville (Ga.) Dispatch. Old aunt Jenny Mathis, or aunt "Ginny"

Buck, as she was called by everybody, a good old colored woman, well known to the citizens of Hawkinsville and vicinity, died at her home in this place on Wednesday last, aged about seventy-five years. Aunt Jenny's history is a remarkable one. She was born a slave, and was owned in her young days by a planter in Wilkinson county. By working in her leisure moments, and saving every penny she earned she accumulated enough to purchase her freedom about 1837. She kept a restaurant or hotel here, and was liberally patronized by the white citizens. Many prominent citizens boarded with her, and hers was the leading, and, in fact, the only hotel in Hawkinsville fifty years ago. Aunt Jenny's husband, known as old Uncle Buck, assisted his master, a Mr. Mathis, around his store, and saved some money, and, with the assistance of Aunt Jenny, who sold cakes, etc. in addition to carrying on her restaurant, they were enabled, in a few years, to purchase Upcle Buck's freedom, paying about \$1.500 in gold. About the time they bought themselves a law was enacted by the Georgia Legislature prohibiting the buying of slaves by themselves. The former owner of Aunt Jenny and Uncle Buck turned over a bill of sale to them to a gentleman named McCombs, who went to Macon and died there very sud denly. The bill of sale was found among his effects, with no explanation, and through some process of law Uncle Buck and Aunt Jennie were again put into slavery. For several years they worked as slaves, and at length secured money enough and again bought their freedom. paying between \$2,000 and \$3,000 the second

In the meantime their son Sam was born to them, and he was sold off and carried to Louisana. After buying themselves the second time Aunt Jenny and her husuand went to Louisians and tried to buy Sam, but his owner refused to sell him. They then moved to Ohio, and lived there several years, but became dissatisfied and returned to Hawkinsville, saying they preferred to live in Georgia, though it was a slave State. The war came on and their son Sam was freed and came to Hawkinsville, where he now lives.

Marriage of David Davis's Widow. RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 30.-Wharton J. Green. ex congressman from the Third North Carolina district, and Mrs. Addie E. Davis, reliet of Vicepresident David Davis, were married at Fayetteville yesterday. The bride, whose maiden name was Burr, was a relative of Congressman Green's first wife, and was married to Mr.

Davis early in the spring of 1883. Charged with Embezzlement. ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Oct. 30 .- Richard O. War-

ren, disbursing clerk at the Rock Island arsenal has been arrested for embezzling government funds. The amount of his discrepancies is not known. Warren has been in his position twenty years. He is a resident of Davenport, and his arrest has created a great surprise here.

Corn in Tight Cribs.

Corn stored in the ear may not be placed in tight cribs when it has only received the drying natural to its being on the stock. It often requires the whole winter to fully prepare it for shelling and transportation in tight cars. If the autumn and winter are damp it will often mold in the center of wide cribs, and often in the average seasons the chit or germ is killed, especially in those of alternate freezing and thawing, and this from rupture of the cells of the grain The same cause also renders the meal from such corn bitter. It is also well known that corp readily ab

sorbs moisture, and that unless kiln-dried before grinding, and placed in air-tight packages, it is apt to heat. In the saving of seed-corn, therefore, it is especially necessary that the corn be ripe, dried thoroughly before it is frozen, Knapp, Stout & Co.'s mill, interfered, and Lange | and then kept in a dry place, and preferably one shot him twice. The wounds were at first | where it will not freeze. So, also, corn intended for grinding into meal for human use should be kept in cribs so narrow that it may dry equally and thoroughly, and also fisring enough so that no rain can drive in to dampen the corn.

It Ca guht a Lord.

Cleveland Leader (Rep.) When you set a trap for Englishmen bait is with free trade, and there will always be a good

PAY OF POTTERY WORKERS

Kiln Hands, Dippers and Clay Workers Earning More in 1888 than in 1882.

Democratic Lies Contradicted by Plain Facts -Figures Taken from the Pay-Rolls Substantiated by Sworn Statements.

Special to the Indianapolis Journes.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Oct. 30 .- Statements have been made by Democratic papers in East Liverpool, O., and copied largely by the Democratic press of the country, to the effect that East Liverpool potters have so oppressed their employes until now they are no better than "serfs." They assert that the tariff was largely increased in 1883, and that wages were materially decreased, until more than half of their workmen now receive less than \$1.50 per day.

It is not necessary to make denial of this for the benefit of East Liverpool, where the untruthfulness of such statements is well known, and where there is not a man employed at even the roughest, common out-door labor that does not receive \$1.50 per day; but, to prevent honest workmen elsewhere from being deceived, we append a few facts. There was no material increase in duty in 1883, and the selling price of goods has continually declined, and the average earnings of the employes are shown by the following statements:

A FEW COMPARISONS. Comparison of wages paid to kiln hands and dippers at the works of Knowles, Taylor & Knowles, East Liverpool, O., in the years 1882 and 1888, at their potteries Nos. 1 and 2, better

known as Old and New Ends: 1882. April 22 48 Hands 1,165.01
May 4 48 Hands 1,134.69
May 20 48 Hands 1,146.63
*June 3 48 Hands \$967.47
June 15 47 Hands 1,109.53 Five pays, average of 238 hands \$5,692.52 "Short pay-thrown out of estimate as not conforming to corresponding pay in 1888.

Five pays, average of 225 hands\$6,652.71 *Full pay-thrown out of estimate as not conforming to corresponding pay of 1882. Paid for the same work, at the same dates in

1888, over 1882, the difference between \$6,652.71 and \$5,692.52; or, \$960.19, which is nearly 17 per cent. The average rate of wages to those employed as above in 1888, is ascertained by taking the total average number of hands employed, or 225. and dividing it into the total amount paid, or \$6,652.71, which gives the average of each hand, per "pay" of two weeks, of \$29.57. The averages for 1882 is ascertained in the same mann er. and consequently 238 is divided into \$5,692.52. which gives an average of each hand per pay, of \$23 92, which leaves a balance received, as average for each hand employed in 1888, over 1882, per pay, of \$5.65; or, to give the per centage: the average amount in wages paid in 1888 over that paid in 1882, is a little more than 234

CLAY WORKERS. Estimate made from the pay-roll of pottery No. 1. or Old End:

April 8...... 32 Hands..... \$ 986.41 April 22. 35 Hands 1,034.46

May 4 33 Hands 896.88

May 20 34 Hands 903.84

*June 3 \$332.76

June 15 31 Hands 857.39 Five pays, average of 165 hands......\$4,678.98 *Short pay-thrown out of estimate as not conforming to corresponding pay in 1888. April 28...... 1,249.19 May 12. 42 Hands 1,250,68

May 26. 42 Hands 1,258.05

*June 9. \$1,245.80

June 23. 42 Hands 1,148.45

Five pays, average of 208 hands......\$6,087.63 'Full pay-thrown out of estimate as not conforming to corresponding pay in 1882.

Amount in dollars and cents, paid at pottery No. 1, to clay-workers in 1888, over the same period in 1882, \$1.408.70 or 30 per cent. Average amount of wages carned by clay-workers, as taken from the above estimate, per hand, per

pay of two weeks: 1888......\$29.31 1882...... 28.36 Average, per band, per pay of two weeks, paid clay-workers in 1888 over amount paid in 1882, 95 cents; or, to give per centage, the average amount in wages paid to clay-workers in 1888 over those paid in 1882, 3 1-3 per cent; and in this average is included boys of sixteen yeas and over with the men, the latter more and the former less than the average, and the average hours of labor in the potteries is no greater now

AFFIDAVIT.

than then.

State of Ohio, Columbiana county, ss: John N. Taylor, being first duly sworn according to a member of the firm, and during that entire period was the cashier of Knowles, Tavior & Knowles; had full charge of the pay-roll, and the payment of all whose names were entered thereon; that the foregoing statement of the number of hands, and the amount in wages received by each, is just and true to the best of his knowledge and belief. JOHN N. TAYLOR. Sworn to and subscribed before me, a notary publie in and for the county of Columbiana and State of Ohio, this 22d day of October, A. D., 1888. [Notarial Seal.] H. R. HILL, Notary Public.

State of Ohio, Columbiana county, ss: Elder D. Moore, being first duly sworn according to law, doth depose and say that he is now, and for more than five years has been, the cashier of the firm of Knowles, Taylor & Knowles; had full charge of the pay-roll and the payment of all whose names were entered thereon; that the foregoing statement of the number of hands, and the amount in wages received by each, is just and true to the best of his knowledge ELDER D. MOORE. Sworn to and subscribed before me, a notary publi in and for the county of Columbiana and State of

Ohio, this 22d day of October, A. D., 1888.
[Notarial Seal.] H. R. HILL, Notary Public. There never was a time at which goods, such as are manufactured at East Liverpool, were sold at so low a price as now. Notwithstanding this, the average earning power of the employes has been maintained. But, should the Mills bill become a law, a very severe reduction in the prices paid to labor will be the inevitable result, as the following will show: PLAIN WHITE WARE.

Present Law: Basis-Ware. \$1,000.00 Basis-Ware ... \$1,000.00 550.00 Duty,35 p're't. Duty, 55 per 70.00 on \$1,070... 374.50 20 packages ... Total\$1,620.00 Total\$1,444.50 Reduction by Mills bill-\$175.50.

DECORATED-ONE COLOR

Prints, gold band, lustre band and sprig, and al others. Basis-Ware ... \$1,000.00 Basis-Ware ... \$1,000.00 10 packages ... Duty, 60 per 600.00 Duty, 35 p'ret. 35.00 on \$1,035... 10 packages....

Total.....\$1.635.00 Total.....\$1,397.25 Reduction by Mills bill-\$237.75. It may be stated that the duty on crockery is not sufficient to make up for the difference between the amounts paid for wages here and in the Staffordshire potteries in England. As is clearly shown by the report of the tariff com-

sequently protection is for labor alone. The consumer does not pay this duty, as i shown by the following figures: In 1864 a given quantity of iron stone china cost \$210.75; in 1872, \$143.03; in 1875, \$129.61; in 1877, \$110.10; in 1882, \$57.30, or a bare fraction more than half what it sold for five years previous; and now, six years later, in 1888, the identically same goods sell for \$46.30. To show the very great reduction in the price of goods, it may be stated, and any one can figure it out for

mission, the wages are 126 per cent. greater

here than there. Were the wages even, there

would be no necessity for protective daties; con-

himself, that in former years goods were higher shan now, as follows: 1864-287 per cent. 1872-190 per cent. 1875-126 per cent 1882-25 per cent.

Consequently, as these figures prove, under a protective tariff, goods which can be and are manufactured in America, are sold at lower prices than ever in the history of the country, and at the same time, the price of labor is sub-stantially maintained.

For thrift, prosperity and intelligence the workmen employed in the East Liverpool potteries are not excelled by those of any manufacturing town anywhere. About one-half own

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical that theordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alum of phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. BOYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

their own bomes, while quite a number have property to rent, and show other substantial evidences of prosperity. The following statement shows the actual state of affairs at the potteries of Knowles, Tay-

lor & Knowles, where the percentage is shows to be 48 1-3 per cent : Number Number on living in Department. pay-roll. Kilns and saggers..... 71 Bisque warehouse 42 Miscellaneous 20 Decorating 80 Total......420 This list comprises only those who receive

their pay directly from the office, and does not include helpers in any department, and we pre-The facts and statements given above will factories in the same line of business.

apply to, and can be substantiated by, all other Another fact: Added to the skill, sobriety, frugality and economy of these employes, may be added that they are protectionists, almost if not altogether, to a man, and know that the continuance of the rate of wages they are now receiving is absolutely dependent upon a continuance of the present protective system.

The Best Food for Stock.

The bulletin of the Agricultural Experiment Station, College of Agriculture; Cornell University, for the month of Angust, describes an interesting experiment made during the winter and spring of 1827-88 for the purpose of ascertaining the effect on certain animals of foods rich and poor in nitrogenous compounds. The subjects of the inquiry were six lambs, eix months old, of mixed Cotswold and Southdown blood, selected from a flock of 100, with great care as to uniformity in size, shape and weight. All the six were fed good mixed timothy and clover hay, and also mangolds; but aside from this, three of them were ted oil meal, coarse wheat bran and cotton-seed meal, while the other three were fed corn-meal, the first three having the nitrogenous, the second three the non-nitrogenous diet. The bulletin gives very full particulars of the experiment, with admirable illustrations, in color; and the conclusions reached are given, substantially, in the following paragraph: "Although this experiment is but one of a series to be tried here at the experiment station, and needs to be repeated many times before absolutely accurate results can be obtained, yet we may deduce from it that the effect of feeding an undue proportion of non-nitrogenous feed to sheep is: 1, To decrease the production of wool by one quarter. 2. To decrease the strength of the bones by onethird. 3. To reduce the production of both fat and lean meat. Not one of these three important effects is desirable in sheep husbandry; hence we may conclude that corn is not the best food for sheep.

Regimental Flags in a Pawnshop.

Through the efforts of Lord Campbell, who takes great interest in the various regimental flags, there have been discovered in a pawhshop the flags of the Fifty-fifth (Westmoreland) regiment. They date as far back as 1760, and there is little doubt that they have been hidden in the dark recesses of the pawnshop for over a cen-tury. How they got there will, doubtless, ever remain a mystery. Lord Campbell has expressed his desire to hand the ancient relica over for final keeping, in the parish church at Kendal, and some structural alterations are at present being made for the purpose. There are already in the parish church the tattered rags of the regiment which went through the African, Indian and Chinese campaigns. The regiment is now stationed at Portemouth, and in few days it is to be presented with new colors; when this has been done the old colors of the Crimean war will also be handed over to the parish church at Kenda for safe-keeping. The inhabitants of the county are proud of the flags of their regiment, and the greatest interest in taken in their proper law, doth depose and say that he is now, and was dur-ing the year 1882 and for ten years previous thereto, preservation. The presentation of the flags will be accompanied by a public ceremony.

Chinese Beggars.

London Times. A writer in a Shanghai journal, referring te the beggars of China, says that large donations are given to them by the people, but these are in the nature of an insurance. In the cities the beggars are organized into very powerful guilds more powerful by far than any organization with which they can have to contend, for the beggars have nothing to lose and nothing to fear. in which respects they stand alone. The shopkeeper who should refuse a donation to a stalwart beggar, after the latter has waited for a reasonable time and has besought with what lawyers call "due diligence," would be liable to invasion from a horde of famished wretches, who would render the existence even of a stolid Chinese a burden, and who would utterly prevent the transaction of any business until their continually rising demands should be met. Both the shop-keepers and the beggars understand this perfectly well, and it is for this reason that the gifts flow in a steady, if tiny, rill.

"Revenue Reform"-Free Trade.

"II. W.'s" Washington Letter, in Courier-Journal The Democratic party, except in the person of imbeciles bargly worth mentioning, is not upon the fence. It is a free-trade party or it if nothing. . . . The conflict between free trade and protection, tariff-for-revenue only and a protective tariff is irrepressible. The term "revenue reform" is convertible, and may be worn, perhaps will be worn, as a mask by the apostles of the new slavery which has replaced the old. . . . They refuse all concessions. They reject all side-issues. They repudiate pretenders and middle-men who think they can atraddle the fence. There can be no cooked-up platform and no compromise candidate. They make the issue fair and square, and early enough to give recalcitrants a chance to get back, traitors a chance to get out, and cowards a chance to get a place without exposure. The black flag is up. No quarter will be asked; no quarter will be given.

Photographs of Cannon Balls.

Paris American Register, The well-known photographer, Anschnetz of Lissa, has for some years been experimentine with photographs of the flight of cannon balls from the moment of their projection to their striking the target or object aimed at. Last month, on the trying grounds of the Gruson works, near Buckau, he has demonstrated the perfection of his studies. He succeeded in obtaining remarkable and highly interesting results. His plates were submitted to the expert, Prof. Dr. Koenig, of the Berlin University, who was perfectly able to make therefrom the desired practical calculations. He established the fact that the projectile thus photographed had a velocity of 400 meters a second, and that the duration of the light thrown on the photographie plate did not exceed the ten-thousandth part of

Masculine Extravagance,

A great deal is said about woman's extravagance in dress, but there is something to be said on the masculine side of the question. In outer Or take a tea-set, for example, that sold in garments there are a good many young men who have fur-lined or fur-bound overcoats for the coming winter, which are quite as expensive as the \$200 and \$300 ladies' wraps, about which so much is said. It is doubtful, bowever, if any lady can surpass in luxury the undergarments of two particular kinds of selected silk, imported for an ex-railroad official at a cost of \$150 a suit.

> SALT rheum is cured by Ayer's Sarsaradila. Write J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, for evide